Did Stephen King's ancestor suffer 'death by canoe oar!'?

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byRoxanne Moore SaucierOctober 27, 2013

Holidays, elections, royal weddings and other occasions give Ancestry.com the opportunity to pitch genealogy stories to editors far and wide. Earlier this month, a PR rep for Ancestry sought to make hay out of Halloween by offering information about a creepy happening that may be part of the family history of Maine horror writer Stephen King.

"The scene is like something out of a novel by the master of the macabre himself, death by canoe oar! The experts at Ancestry.com took a look back into the 'King' of suspense's family tree only to discover that suspicion surrounds the death of his seventh great-grandfather, Jonathan Nason, who supposedly died by canoe oar – an injury inflicted by his brother, who according to the historical records that Ancestry.com uncovered, was acting in self-defense."

The information from Ancestry.com goes on to encourage genealogists to make use of information on their site's death collections particularly through Oct. 31, adding that a new death database will be added every two days beginning Oct. 25. Those who don't subscribe to Ancestry may use the database free on computers at public libraries in Maine.

A "seventh great-grandfather" will be found a ways back in history, probably the 1600s-1700s. I know from my own search for the ancestors

of Nahum Nason of Atkinson that there were lots of Nasons in Maine-Massachusetts' early years in Berwick, York and Kittery, for example.

My favorite source for that period and location is the "Genealogical Dictionary of Maine and New Hampshire" by Sybil Noyes, Charles Thornton Libby and Walter Goodwin Davis, published 1928-1939, and reprinted by Genealogical Publishing Co. in Baltimore.

Noyes-Libby-Davis, as genealogists sometimes call it, lists Jonathan Nason as the second son of Richard Nason and Sarah (Baker). Jonathan was born about 1645 and "was killed by his brother Baker with an oar while in a canoe on the Piscataqua in 1691."

This source doesn't give any more info on the incident and charges, but does depict the Nason family as being involved in a variety of troubles. For instance, it claims that Richard's wife, Sarah, "may have been a daughter of John Baker, who was fined in 1645 for beating [Richard Nason] black and blue," according to New Hampshire court records.

The authors also describe Richard as a "militant Quaker" who "was constantly in difficulty after Massachusetts took over the government." He was disenfranchised for entertaining traveling Quakers and in 1655 was charged with blasphemy.

Because of the blasphemy charge, Richard was "in danger of losing his life, but the General Court decided that he was not so guilty that he ought to die."

Baker, the brother tried for killing Jonathan, later on was "sued for detaining William Parsons' horse in 1695-96."

Baker was indicted for killing Jonathan according to a Nutfield Genealogy blog written by Heather Wilkinson Rojo in 2010, but the jury found him not guilty. The blog is most interesting, and may be viewed at http://nutfieldgenealogy.blogspot.com/2010/02/baker-nason-murdered-his-brother-1691.html

Another source I have seen as a reference is "Pioneers on Maine Rivers."

Noyes-Libby-Davis lists several children for Jonathan Nason and wife Sarah Jenkins: Richard Nason, Alice (Nason) Abbott, Mary (Nason) Grant, Abigail (Nason) Abbott, Charity (Nason) Emery, Sarah (Nason) Snow and Jonathan Nason, who married Adah (Morrill).

Jonathan's oldest child, Richard, was listed as d.s.p., which stands for died sine prole, meaning without children.

In addition to sons Jonathan and Baker, Richard Nason was father to John, Joseph, Richard, Benjamin, Sarah and Mary.

My point is that 300-plus years later, there are lots and lots of Nason descendants. My friend Dr. Thomas Roderick, who died recently, was a noted geneticist who used to say, "Everyone with at least one-quarter old New England ancestry is probably related to everyone else who has at least one-quarter old New England ancestry."

One might even ask, "Which group is larger — Mainers who read Stephen King's books, or Mainers who are cousins of Stephen King?"

I don't know the names of my Nahum Nason's parents, but I have seen a pedigree chart, without proofs, which suggests that Nahum's father is the Moses Nason who may be descended from Baker Nason — the guy with the oar. I guess I won't brag about that.

Nor will I look for an opportunity to approach Cousin Steve to explain how we might be related. Like all really cool people, I give him his space.

There's still time to take part in a walking tour of "Ghostly Bangor." Offered through a partnership between the Bangor Museum and History Center and the Greater Bangor Convention and Visitors Bureau, tours will be held at 7 p.m. Monday, Oct. 28, and Wednesday, Oct. 30, beginning at the Thomas Hill House, 159 Union St.

Wear comfortable walking shoes. The fee is \$10 adults, \$5 under 12, free to BMHC members and those under age 5.

For information on researching family history in Maine, see Genealogy Resources under Family Ties at <u>bangordailynews.com/browse/family-ties</u>. Send genealogy queries to Family Ties, Bangor Daily News, P.O. Box 1329, Bangor 04402, or email familyti@bangordailynews.com.



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