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Hugh, Count of Brienne

Hugh, <u>Count of Brienne</u> and <u>Lecce</u> (<u>c.</u> 1240 – 9 August 1296) was the second surviving son of Count Walter IV of Brienne and Marie de Lusignan of Cyprus.

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Hugh, Count of Brienne Seal of Hugh of Brienne. Born <u>c.</u> 1240 Died 9 August 1296 Noble House of Brienne family Spouse(s) Isabella de la Roche Helena Angelina Komnene Father Walter IV of Brienne Mother Marie de Lusignan

Life

His father, <u>Count of Jaffa and Ascalon</u> in <u>Palestine</u>, was murdered in 1244 in <u>Cairo</u>, and was succeeded by his elder son, John.

On the death of John (c. 1260), Hugh inherited the County of Brienne, in <u>France</u>, and the family's claims in southern Italy, including the <u>Principality of Taranto</u> and the County of Lecce, which had been confiscated in 1205.

He claimed the regency of the <u>Kingdom of Jerusalem</u> (and, indirectly, a place in the succession) in 1264 as senior heir of <u>Alice of Jerusalem</u> and <u>Hugh I of Cyprus</u>, being the son of their eldest daughter, but was passed over by the <u>Haute Cour</u> in favor of his cousin <u>Hugh of Antioch</u>, and

thereafter took little part in the affairs of <u>Outremer</u>. His first cousin King <u>Hugh II of Cyprus</u> died in 1267, and despite Hugh's rights as the senior heir, Hugh of Antioch, was crowned as Hugh III of Cyprus. When his second cousin's son <u>Conradin</u>, King of Jerusalem, was killed in 1268, the succession again went to the junior cousin Hugh III.

Hugh decided to seek his fortune in Europe rather than Outremer, and took service under Charles I of Naples. Charles made him Captain-General of Brindisi, Otranto and Apulia and Lord of Conversano, and he was an enthusiastic partisan of the Angevin cause in Italy. For this service, his family's County of Lecce was restored to him. He was taken prisoner at the Battle of the Gulf of Naples in 1284 with Charles II of Naples and again at the Battle of the Counts in 1287, both times in sea battles against Roger of Lauria. On one of these occasions, he obtained his parole by leaving his only son Walter as a hostage. He was killed in Sicily, at the Battle of Gagliano, fighting Catalan Almogavars, and was succeeded by Walter.

In 1291, he married Helena Angelina Komnene, the widow of <u>William de la Roche</u>, <u>Duke of Athens</u>, and regent for her underage son <u>Guy II de</u> <u>la Roche</u>. He thus became <u>bailli</u> of the Duchy of Athens until Guy II's coming of age in 1296.^[1]

Succession

Marriage and issue

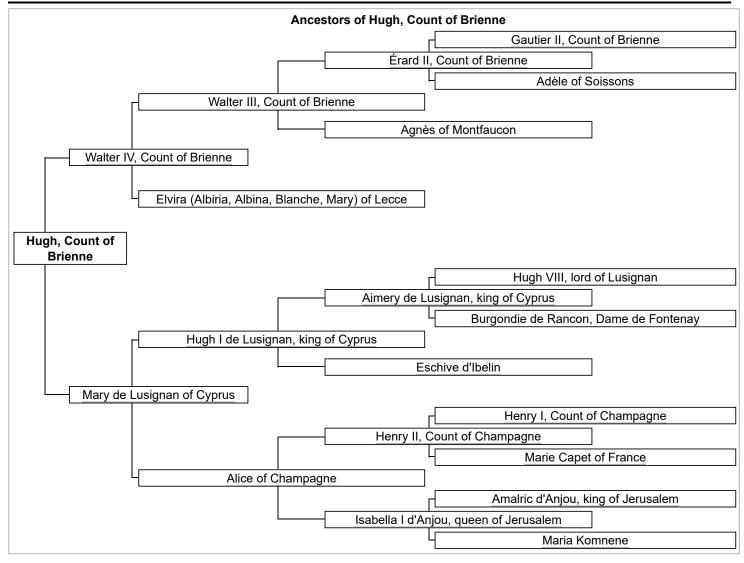
Hugh's first wife was Isabella de la Roche, heiress of Thebes. She bore him two children:

- Walter of Brienne (d. 1311), Duke of Athens, his heir.
- Agnes of Brienne, married John, Count of Joigny

His second wife was Helena Angelina Komnene. She bore him one daughter:

Joanna of Brienne, married Niccolo Sanudo, Duke of Naxos (d. 1341).

Ancestry



References

1. Longnon 1969, pp. 263-264.

Sources

 Longnon, Jean (1969). "The Frankish States in Greece, 1204–1311" (http://digicoll.library.wisc.edu/cgi-bin/History/History-idx?type=articl e&did=History.CrusTwo.i0021&id=History.CrusTwo). In Wolff, Robert Lee; Hazard, Harry W. A History of the Crusades, Volume II: The Later Crusades, 1189–1311. University of Wisconsin Press. pp. 234–275.

Hugh, Count of Brienne House of Brienne Born: <u>c.</u> 1240 Died: 9 August 1296		
Preceded by Isabella de Ia Roche	Lord of one half <u>Karytaina</u> 1279–1289	Succeeded by Isabella of Villehardouin Florent of Hainaut as rulers of Achaea
Preceded by John	Count of Brienne c. 1260–1296	Succeeded by Walter V

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